We're very pleased to provide you with this year's Annual Drinking Water Quality Report. Our water source is from wells drawn from the Floridian Aquifer. The water is then treated with chlorine to disinfect the water and polyphosphate is added for corrosion control and also to treat for high levels of iron in the ground water.

In 2013 the Florida Department of Environmental Protection performed a Source Water Assessment on our system. The assessment was conducted to provide information about any potential sources of contamination in the vicinity of our wells. There is 1 potential source of contamination identified for this system; all are petroleum storage tanks with a moderate level of concern. The assessment results are available on the FDEP Source Water Assessment and Protection Program website at <u>www.dep.state.fl.us/swapp</u>

Some people may be more vulnerable to contaminants in drinking water than the general population. Immuno-comprised persons such as persons with cancer undergoing chemotherapy, persons who have undergone organ transplants, people with HIV/AIDS or other immune system disorders, some elderly, and infants can be particularly at risk from infections. These people should seek advice about drinking water from their health care providers. EPA/CDC guidelines on appropriate means to lessen the risk of infection by Cryptosporidium and other microbiological contaminates are available from the Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).

Below you may find unfamiliar terms and abbreviations. To belp you better understand these terms we've provided the following definitions:

Action Level (AL): The concentration of a contaminant which, if exceeded, triggers treatment or other requirements that a water system must follow.

Maximum Contaminant Level or MCL: The highest level of a contaminant that is allowed in drinking water. MCLs are set as close to the MCLGs as feasible using the best available treatment technology.

Maximum Contaminant Level Goal or MCLG: The level of a contaminant in drinking water below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MCLGs allow for a margin of safety.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level or MRDL: The highest level of a disinfectant allowed in drinking water. There is convincing evidence that addition of a disinfectant is necessary for control of microbial contaminants.

Maximum Residual Disinfectant Level Goal or MRDLG: The level of a drinking water disinfectant below which there is no known or expected risk to health. MRDLGs do not reflect the benefits of the use of disinfectants to control microbial contaminants.

Million fibers per liter (MFL): Measures of the presence of asbestos fibers are no longer 10 micrometers.

"N/A" means not applicable.

"ND" means not detected and indicates that the substance was not found by laboratory analysis.

Parts per billion (ppb) or Micrograms per liter (ugl): one part by weight of analyte to 1 billion parts by weight of the water sample.

Parts per million (ppm) or Milligrams per liter (mg/l): one part by weight of analyte to 1 million parts by weight of the water sample.

Picocurie per liter (pCi/L): measure of the radioactivity in water.

Threshold odor number: (TON) The greatest dilution of a sample with odor free water that still yields a just detectable odor

The City of Wildwood Water Department routinely monitors for contaminants in your drinking water according to Federal and State Laws, rules and regulations. Except where indicated otherwise, this report is based on the results of our monitoring for the period of January 1 to December 31, 2013 Data obtained before January 1, 2013, and presented in this report are from the most recent testing done in accordance with the laws, rules and regulations.

If you have any questions about this report or concerning your water utility, please contact Bruce H. Phillips PE, PLS at 352-330-1346. You can obtain additional information from EPA at their Safe Drinking Water Hotline (800-426-4791).





THE WATER WE DRINK 2013 ANNUAL WATER QUALITY REPORT

Our goal is and has been, to provide a dependable supply of quality water at the lowest cost possible, in an environmentally responsible manner.

In keeping you informed about the excellent water and services we have delivered over the past year, we are proud to provide you with this year's annual report.

City of Wildwood 100 North Main St. Wildwood, FL 34785

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Violation: Failed to Collect Quarterly Total Trihalomethane (TTHM) and Haloacetic Acid (HAA5) Samples as required by Stage 2 Disinfectants/Disinfection By-Products Rule in the month of December. Samples were taken immediately in January and the results were listed below the limit. Consumers were notified via mailing and newspaper per FDEP requirements.	l (HAA5) S: en immedia	aloacetic Acic pples were tak nents.	"THM) and H December. Sam FDEP requirer	nalomethane (7 the month of I newspaper per	erly Total Tril oducts Rule in a mailing and 1	o Collect Quart nfection By-Pro vere notified vi	Violation: Failed to Disinfectants/Disin limit. Consumers v
Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	15	0	0	0.8	NO	08/11	Lead (Tap water)(ppb)
Corrosion of household plumbing systems; Erosion of natural deposits; leaching from wood preservatives	1.3	1.3	0	0.45	NO	08/11	Copper (Tap water)(ppm)
Likely source of Contamination	AL	MCLG	No. of Sampling Sites exceeding AL	90 th Percentile Result	AL ExceededY /N	Dates of Sampling	Contaminant and Unit of Measurement
0					er)	r (Tap Water)	Lead & Copper
By-product of drinking water disinfection	=80	N/A	3.9-55.1	34.81	NO	08/13	TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)
By-product of drinking water disinfection	=60	N/A	.86-27.67	20.35	NO	08/13	Haloacetic Acids (ppb)
			lcts	n By-Produ	Disinfectio	ectants and	Stage 2 Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products
By-product of drinking water disinfection	=80	N/A	3.9-55.1	34.81	NO	08/13	TTHMs [Total Trihalomethanes] (ppb)
By-product of drinking water disinfection	=60	N/A	.86-27.67	20.35	NO	08/13	Haloacetic Acids (ppb)
Water additive used to control microbes	=4.0	=4	0.3-2.5	2.0	NO	01/13-12/13	Chlorine (ppm)
For bromate, chloramines, or chlorine, the level detected is the highest running annual average (RAA), computed quarterly, of monthly averages of all samples collected. For haloacetic acids or TTHM, the level detected is the highest RRA, computed quarterly, of quarterly averages of samples collected if the system is monitoring quarterly or is the average of all samples taken during the year if the system monitors less frequently than quarterly. Range of Results is the range of individual sample results (lowest to highest) for all monitoring locations, including Initial Distribution System Evaluation (IDSE) results as stage 1 compliance results.	ual averag hest RRA, o les taken d (lowest to	running anr ed is the hig e of all samp mple results ance results	is the highest ie level detecti is the average individual sa tage 1 compli	or TTHM, th or TTHM, th ; quarterly ou ; the range of E) results as s	hlorine, the l loacetic acids is monitoring ge of Results i ge aluation (IDS	oramines, or c lected. For ha if the system uarterly. Ran on System Ev	For bromate, chloramines, or chlorine, the level detected is the highest running annual average of all samples collected. For haloacetic acids or TTHM, the level detected is the highest RRA, c samples collected if the system is monitoring quarterly or is the average of all samples taken d frequently than quarterly. Range of Results is the range of individual sample results (lowest to Initial Distribution System Evaluation (IDSE) results as stage 1 compliance results.
3			icts	n By-Produ	Disinfectio	Disinfectants and Disinfection By-Products	Stage 1 Disinf
Salt water intrusion, leaching from soil	160	N/A	7.4-15	15	NO	10/11	Sodium (ppm)
Runoff from fertilizer use; leaching from Septic tanks; seway erosion of natural deposits	10	10	0.09-3.9	3.9	NO	07/13	Nitrate (as Nitrogen) (ppm)/
Pollution from mining and refining operations. Natural occurrence in soil.	100	N/A	0.9-0.18	0.18	NO	09/11	Nickel (ppb)
Erosion of natural deposits; discharge from fertilizer and aluminum factories. Water additive which promotes strong reeth when at optimum levels between 0.7 & 1.3 ppm	4.0	4	0.12-0.21	0.15	NO	09/11	Fluoride (ppm)
Discharge from steel and pulp mills; erosion of natural deposits.	100	100	5.0-7.4	7.4	NO	09/11	Chromium (ppb)
Discharge from metal refineries and coal-burning factories :discharge from electrical, aerospace and defense industries.	4.0	4.0	0.2-0.5	0.5	NO	09/11	Beryllium (ppb)
Discharge of drilling wastes; discharge from metal refineries; erosion of natural deposits.	2.0	2.0	0.0046- 0.0052	0.0052	NO	09/11	Barium (ppm)
						taminants	Inorganic Contaminants
Erosion of natural deposits	5	0	ND-0.9	1.2	NO	10/08	Radium 226 + 228 or combined radium (pCi/L)
Erosion of natural deposits	15	0	ND- 6.4	6.4	NO	10/08	Alpha emitters (pCi/L)
Likely source of Contamination	MCL or MDRL	MCLG or MRDLG	Range of Results	Level Detected	MCL or MRDL Violation Y/N	Dates of Sampling	Disinfectant or Contaminant And Unit of Measurement
	-				S.	Contaminants	Radioactive C
nthetic organic contaminants including pesticides, ng points or the highest detected level at any	iinants, syr the sampli	;anic contam ge at any of	ninants inorg highest avera	oactive conta nants are the frequency.	lumn for radi ganic contami the sampling	el detected co nd volatile org lepending on	Results in the level detected column for radioactive contaminants inorganic contaminants, synthetic organic hardback and herbicides, and volatile organic contaminants are the highest average at any of the sampling points sampling point, depending on the sampling frequency.
S	RESULT	TESTING	WATER QUAILTY TESTING RESULTS	WATE			2
		05 10		10 10	10200	10 M	12000